1. Product and company identification

Product name: Castrol Multi Purpose Chassis Grease

MSDS #: 460683

Historic MSDS #: 000002954

Code: 60683-CA01 USXX

Product use: Lubricant Grease
For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.

Manufacturer: BP Lubricants USA Inc.
1500 Valley Road
Wayne, NJ 07470
Telephone: (973) 633-2200
Telecopier: (973) 633-7475

EMERGENCY HEALTH INFORMATION:
1 (800) 447-8735
Outside the US: +1 703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

EMERGENCY SPILL INFORMATION:
1 (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA)

OTHER PRODUCT INFORMATION:
1 (866) 4 BP - MSDS
(866-427-6737 Toll Free - North America)
email: bpcares@bp.com

2. Hazards identification

Physical state: Grease

Color: Green.

Emergency overview: WARNING!

Chemical Name: Grease

CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION.

Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis. In accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety work practices, airborne exposures should be controlled to the lowest extent practicable. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Routes of entry: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation.

Potential health effects:

Eyes: Causes eye irritation.

Skin: Causes skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation and diarrhea.

See toxicological information (Section 11)
3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Base oil - highly refined</td>
<td>Varies</td>
<td>85 - 90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc alkyl dithiophosphate</td>
<td>68649-42-3</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**
In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Skin contact**
Immediately wash exposed skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation**
Inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Ingestion**
Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If potentially dangerous quantities of this material have been swallowed, call a physician immediately. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Notes to physician**
Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.

Note: High Pressure Applications
Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency. Injuries may not appear serious at first but within a few hours tissue becomes swollen, discolored and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Surgical exploration should be undertaken without delay. Thorough and extensive debridement of the wound and underlying tissue is necessary to minimize tissue loss and prevent or limit permanent damage. Note that high pressure may force the product considerable distances along tissue planes.

5. Fire-fighting measures

**Flash point**
Open cup: 246°C (474.8°F) [Cleveland.]

**Fire/explosion hazards**
In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

**Extinguishing media**

- **Suitable**
  - Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

- **Not suitable**
  - Do not use water jet.

**Fire-fighting procedures**
Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Hazardous combustion products**
Combustion products may include the following:
- phosphorus oxides
- metal oxide/oxides
- carbon oxides (CO, CO₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide)
- sulfur oxides (SO, SO₂ etc.)

**Protective clothing (fire)**
Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. In accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety work practices, airborne exposures should be controlled to the lowest extent practicable. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

**Environmental precautions**
Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

**Methods for cleaning up**
7. Handling and storage

Handling
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Storage
Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Other information
Sulfur compounds in this material may decompose when heated to release hydrogen sulfide gas which may accumulate to potentially lethal concentrations in enclosed air spaces. Vapor concentrations of hydrogen sulfide above 50 ppm, or prolonged exposure at lower concentrations, may saturate human odor perceptions so that the smell of gas may not be apparent. Exposure to concentrations of hydrogen sulfide vapor above 500 ppm may cause rapid death. Do not rely on the sense of smell to detect hydrogen sulfide.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Occupational exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Base oil - highly refined</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 11/2009 Form: Inhalable fraction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NIOSH REL (United States).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Issued/Revised: 6/1994 Form: Mist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 6/1994 Form: Mist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL (United States).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 6/1993</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

While specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapor or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

Some states may enforce more stringent exposure limits.

Control Measures
Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures
Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Personal protection

Eyes
Avoid contact with eyes. Safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles.

Skin and body
Do not get on skin or clothing. Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory
Use adequate ventilation. In accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety work practices, airborne exposures should be controlled to the lowest extent practicable.

Hands
The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the gloves (even the best chemically resistant glove will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Most gloves provide only a short time of protection before they must be discarded and replaced. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Gloves should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.
9. Physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Grease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Green</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Mild, Petroleum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Open cup: 246°C (474.8°F) [Cleveland.]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific gravity</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>&lt;0.013 kPa (&lt;0.1 mm Hg) at 20°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>&lt;0.01 (butyl acetate = 1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Insoluble in water</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Stability and reactivity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stability and reactivity</td>
<td>The product is stable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Possibility of hazardous</td>
<td>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>reactions</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditions to avoid</td>
<td>Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incompatibility with various</td>
<td>Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>substances</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous decomposition</td>
<td>This product may release hydrogen sulfide (H₂S) if it is heated to high temperatures.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>products</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous polymerization</td>
<td>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11. Toxicological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Potential chronic health effects</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carcinogenicity</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. Ecological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ecotoxicity</td>
<td>No testing has been performed by the manufacturer.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

13. Disposal considerations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Waste information</td>
<td>The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: The generator of waste has the responsibility for proper waste identification (based on characteristic(s) or listing), transportation and disposal.
14. Transport information
Not classified as hazardous for transport (DOT, TDG, IMO/IMDG, IATA/ICAO)

15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal Regulations

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304: No products were found.
SARA 311/312 Hazards identification: Immediate (acute) health hazard

SARA 313

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Zinc alkyl dithiophosphate</td>
<td>68649-42-3</td>
<td>0.5 - 1.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Form R - Reporting requirements

Supplier notification

CERCLA Sections 102a/103 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR Part 302.4):

SARA 313

<table>
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<th>CAS number</th>
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</table>

State regulations

Massachusetts Substances None of the components are listed.

New Jersey Hazardous Substances The following components are listed: MINERAL OIL (UNTREATED and MILDLY TREATED); ZINC compounds

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances The following components are listed: ZINC COMPOUNDS

California Prop. 65 California Prop 65: No products were found

Other regulations

Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

REACH Status For the REACH status of this product please consult your company contact, as identified in Section 1.

Australia inventory (AICS) All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC) All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ENCS) At least one component is not listed.

Korea inventory (KECI) All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS) All components are listed or exempted.

16. Other information

Label requirements

WARNING!

CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.
MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION.

HMIS® Rating :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Physical Hazard</th>
<th>Personal protection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Fire hazard Instability Specific hazard

Health

Product name Castrol Multi Purpose Chassis Grease
Product code 60663-CA01 USXX
Version 2
Date of issue 02/11/2013
Format (US)
Language (ENGLISH)
History
Date of issue 02/11/2013.
Date of previous issue 02/09/2013.
Prepared by Product Stewardship

Notice to reader

All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

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